### "Development of a technology to investigate inside the Reactor Primary Containment Vessel (PCV)"

# - Results of site test "Investigation B1" on grating around the pedestal inside Unit 1 PCV -

### April 30, 2015 Tokyo Electric Power Company

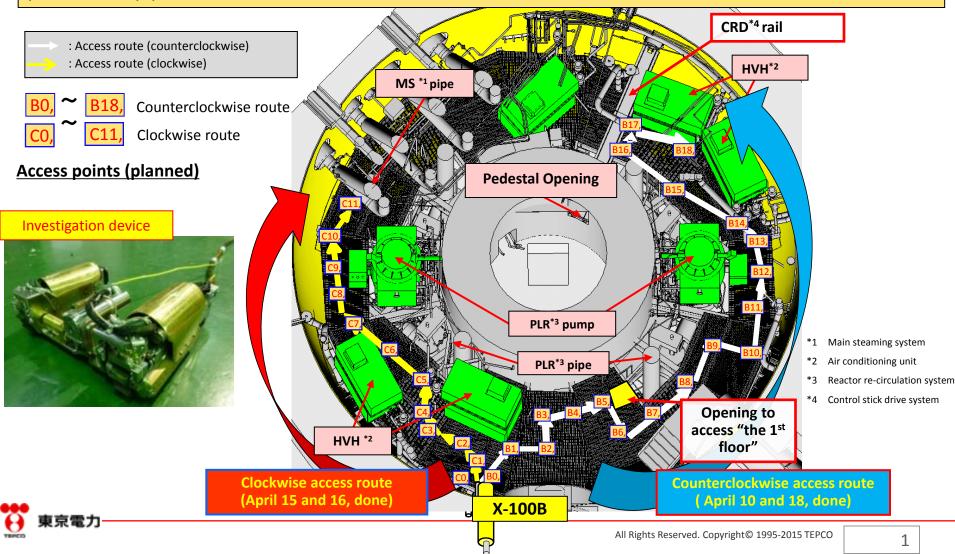


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# 1. Investigation scope

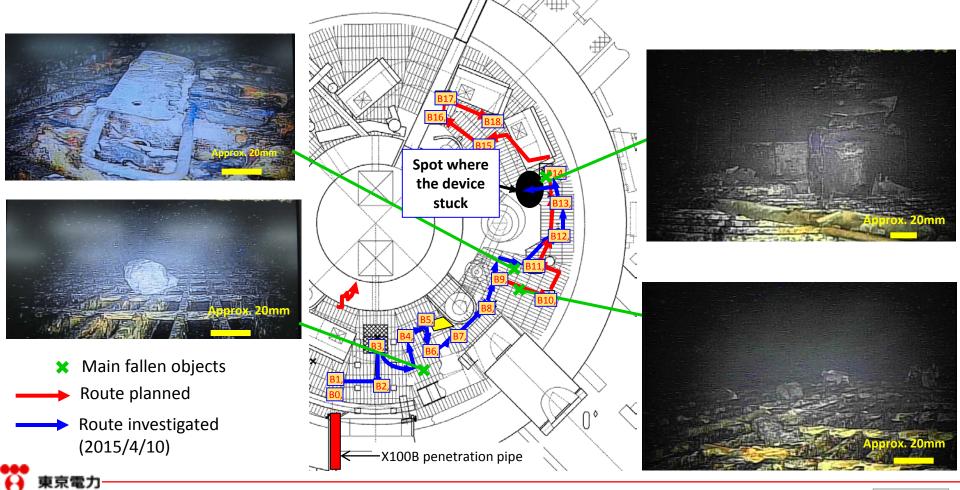
Purpose: For Unit 1, an investigation is to be conducted in order to collect information on "the 1st floor grating inside the Primary Containment Vessel (PCV)" from the robot inserted through X-100B penetration pipe.



# 2. Access route along counterclockwise (actual results)

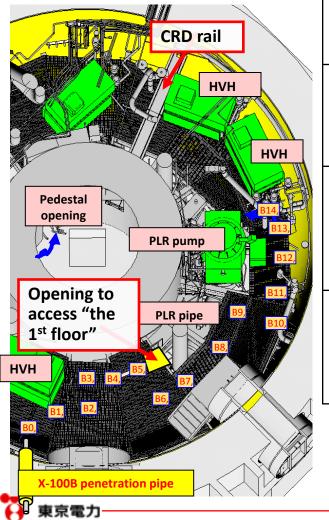
Due to fallen objects found on the access route planned, the route was changed, and the investigation was conducted.

The investigation device was stuck between the points of B14 and B15.



### 3-1 Investigation results (Counterclockwise: done on April 10)

The following data have been obtained through the investigation up to the point B14.

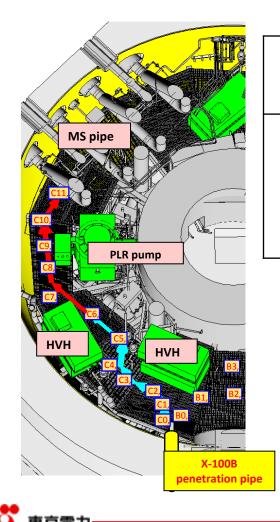


Investigation point	Investigation results	
Opening to access the basement	• For B2 investigation planned to be conducted (investigation on the basement around pedestal), it was confirmed that there is an accessible opening at the basement, and thus, there are no obstacle objects existed around it.	
CRD rail	<ul> <li>Yet to be reached at CRD rail.</li> <li>Images taken with a camera facing towards CRD rail at the end point where the robot reached at have been evaluated, to find that CRD rail can not be visually identified .</li> </ul>	
On access route	<ul> <li>No significant damages are found on existing facilities (HVH, PLR pipe, and pedestal walls, etc.)</li> <li>Data on the temperature and radiation dose have been obtained at each investigation point.</li> </ul>	

\* The first investigation device was stuck and ended up being disabled to be retrieved, therefore, it has been left inside the PCV after its corresponding cable was cut. (Apr. 13, 2015)

### 3-2 Investigation results (Clockwise: Done on April 15 and 16, 2015)

The following data have been obtained through the investigation up to the point C11.

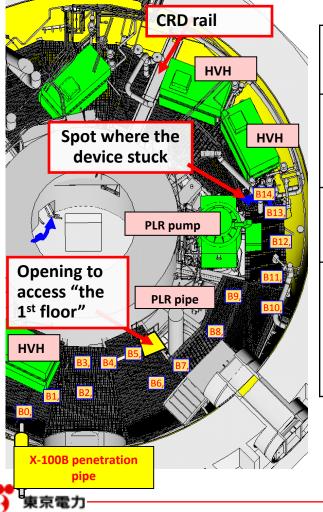


Investigation point	Investigation results
On access route	• No significant damages have been found on existing facilities (PLR pipe, walls inside the PCV, and HVH, etc.)
	<ul> <li>Data on the temperature and radiation</li> </ul>
	<b>dose</b> have been obtained at each investigation point.

- Route investigated on Apr 15, 2015.
- Route investigated on Apr 16, 2015.

### 3-3 Investigation results (Clockwise: Done on April 18, 2015)

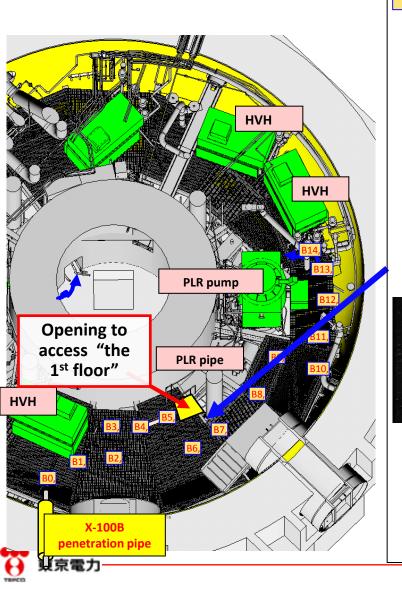
■ With the second investigation device, re-investigation on counterclockwise was conducted to obtain the following information.



//	Investigation point	Investigation results		
	Check the route of the cable remained	• The cable being left around the opening to access the basement is confirmed of having no problem with B2 investigation.		
	Investigation device stuck	<ul> <li>Checked on the condition of the crawler of the device stuck.</li> </ul>		
	Check the access route up to CRD rail	• The access route up to CRD rail goes through a narrow part between structures, which resulted in the investigation device having been disabled to pass through.		

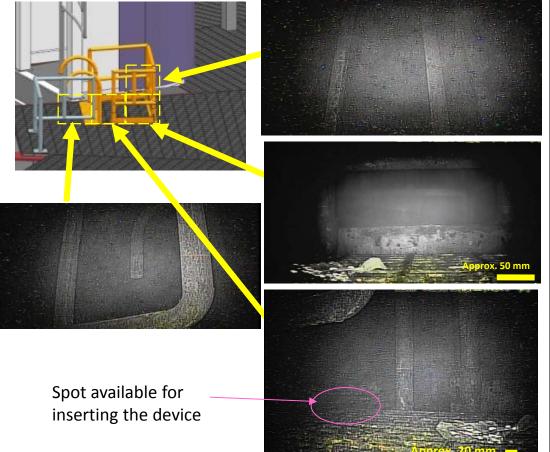
\* A pan-tilt camera used for retrieving the device became dysfunctional due to, seemingly, the radiation effect, hence, it was determined to leave the second investigation device in the spot where will not interfere with future works inside the PCV (around C2 on the wall side of the PCV). (dated Apr. 20, 2015)

### 4-1 Images (Opening to access the basement)



### Taken from B4

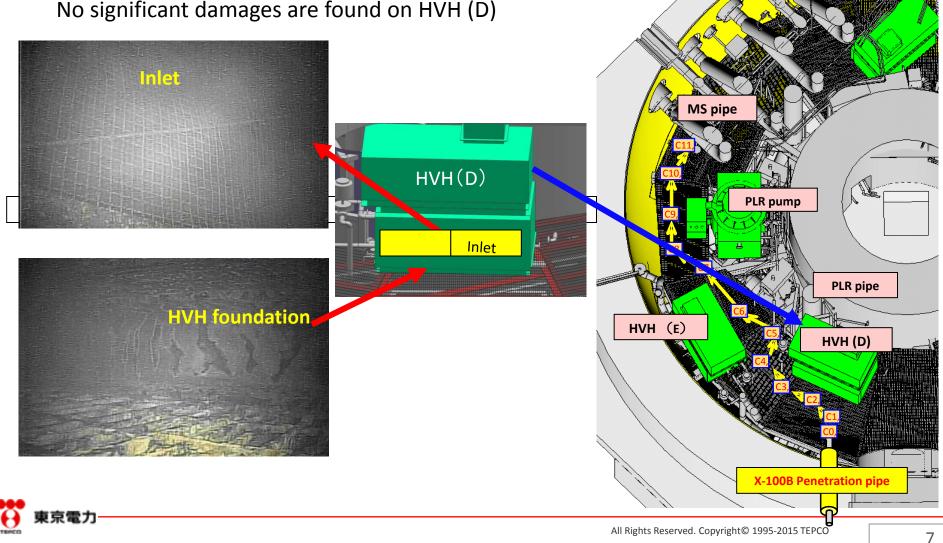
• It was confirmed that there is an accessible opening at the basement for B2 investigation planned to be conducted, and thus, there are no obstacle objects existed around it.



# 4-2 Images (HVH (D))

### Taken from C2

No significant damages are found on HVH (D)

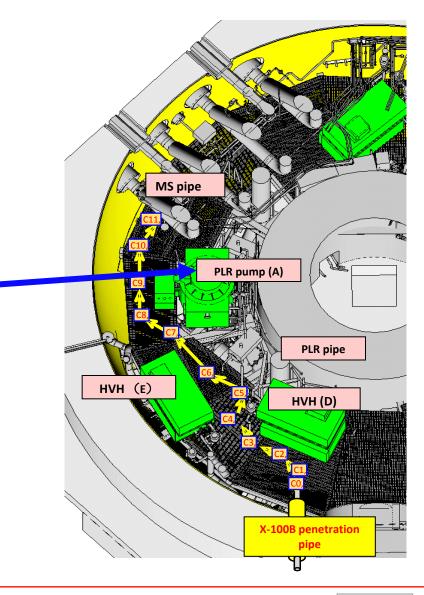


# 4-3 Images (PLR pump (A))

### Taken from C2

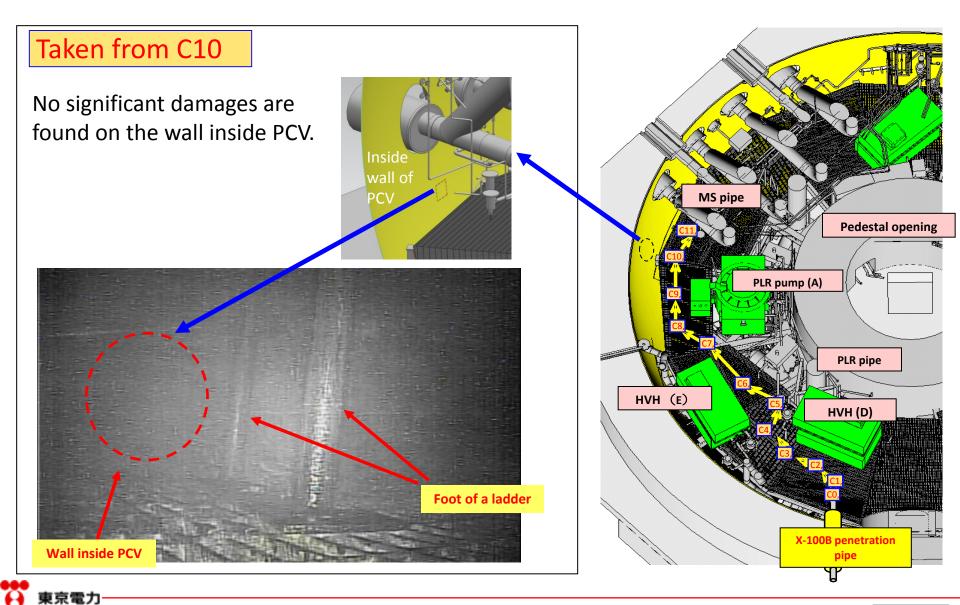
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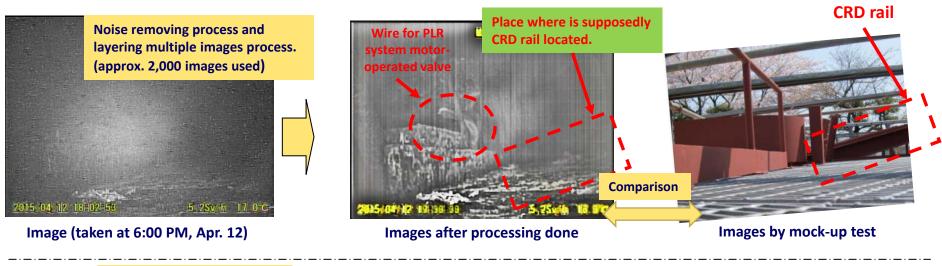
# 4-4 Images (Wall inside PCV)

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# 5. Results obtained after processing the images of CRD

Shooting was performed towards the direction of CRD rail at the end point where the device reached at (around B14) during the investigation along counterclockwise route. The images taken were processed but CRD rail could not be visually identified.



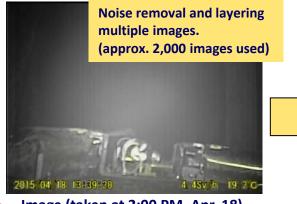


Image (taken at 2:00 PM, Apr. 18)

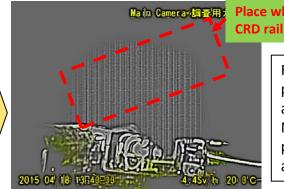


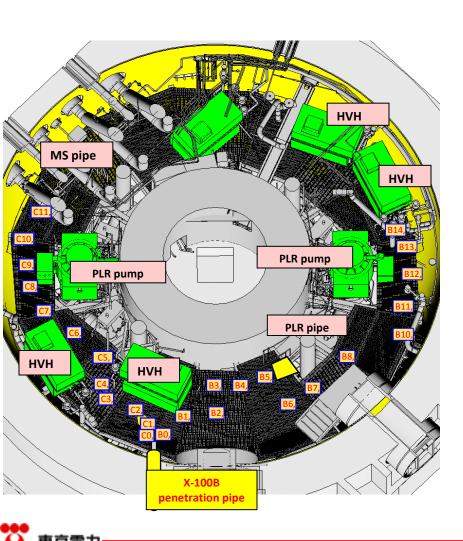
Image after processing images taken

Place where is supposedly CRD rail located.

For the image processing methods, multiple processing (addition of images = layering) and average processing (No. of images added up / No. of images used) were applied after finishing pre-treatment such as emphasizing contrasts among several images.

### 6. Measurement results for temperature and radiation dose rate

Temperature and dose rate were measured at the following points.



	Dose rate (Sv/h)	Temperature (°C)		
B3	7.4	17.8		
B4	7.5	19.2		
B5	8.7	19.4		
B7	7.4	19.5		
B11	9.7	19.2		
B14	7.0	20.2		
C2	6.7	19.6		
C5	8.3	19.5		
C6	7.7	19.4		
С9	4.7	20.8		
C10	5.3	21.1		
C11	6.2	20.7		

B3 to B14 (Measurement date: Apr. 10, 2015)

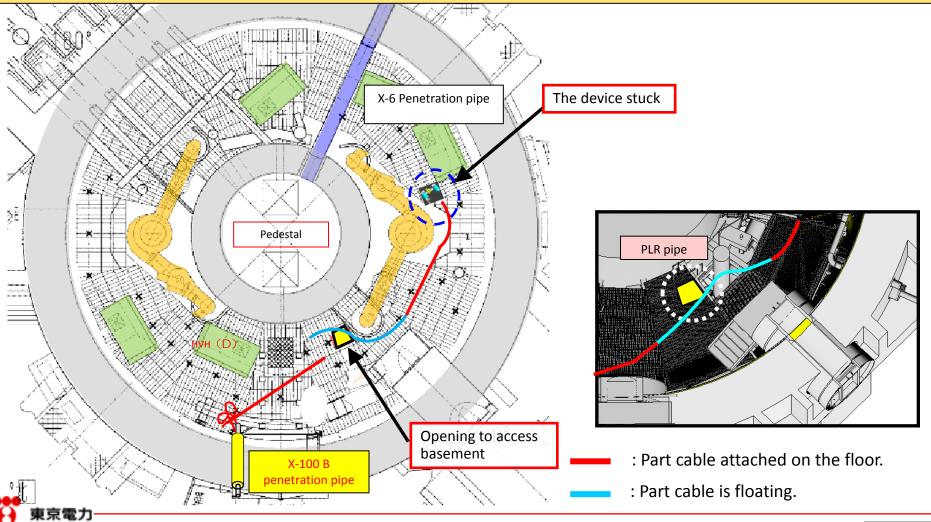
C2 to C6 (Measurement date: Apr. 15, 2015)

C9 to C11 (Measurement date: Apr. 16, 2015)

## 7. Conditions of cable remained

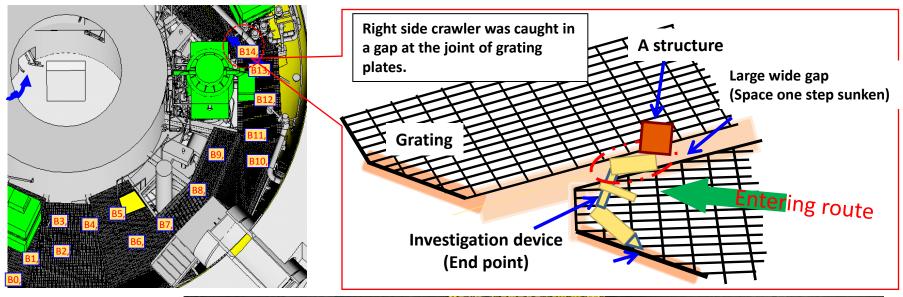
The route of the cable remained is shown as below.

■ It was confirmed that the cable remained around the opening to access the basement will not interfere with B2 investigation.



### 8. Status of the investigation device stuck

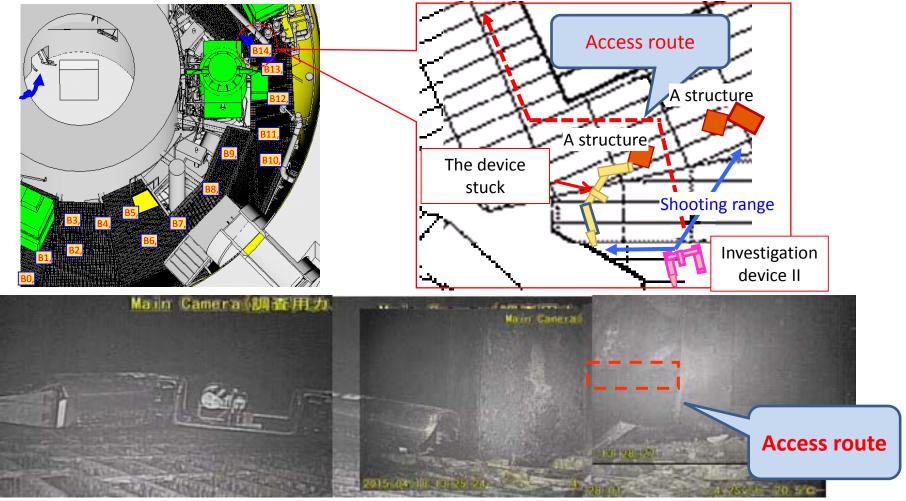
The status of the investigation device stuck was checked.





### 9. Check on the access route up to CRD rail

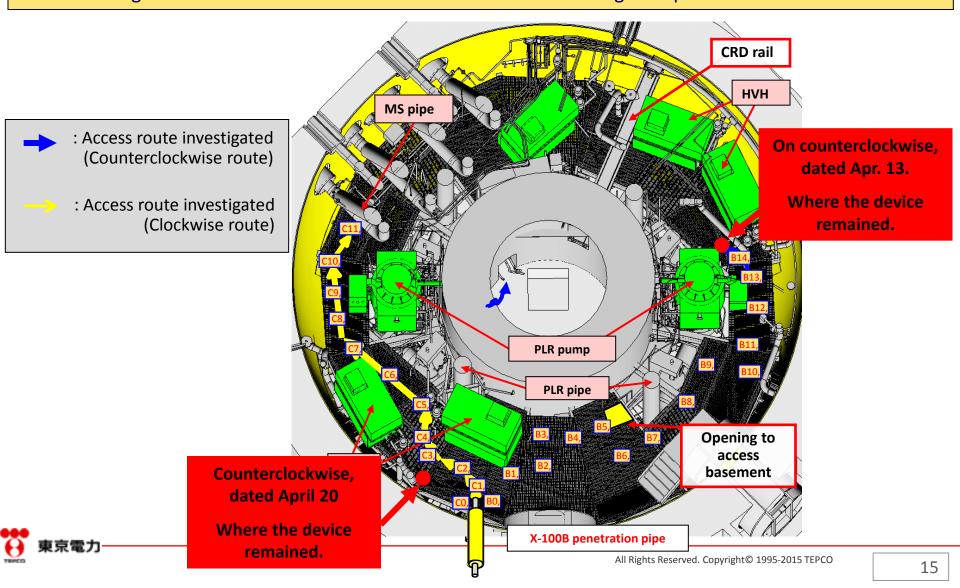
■ It was concluded that the access route up to CRD rail is too narrow to get the device pass through.



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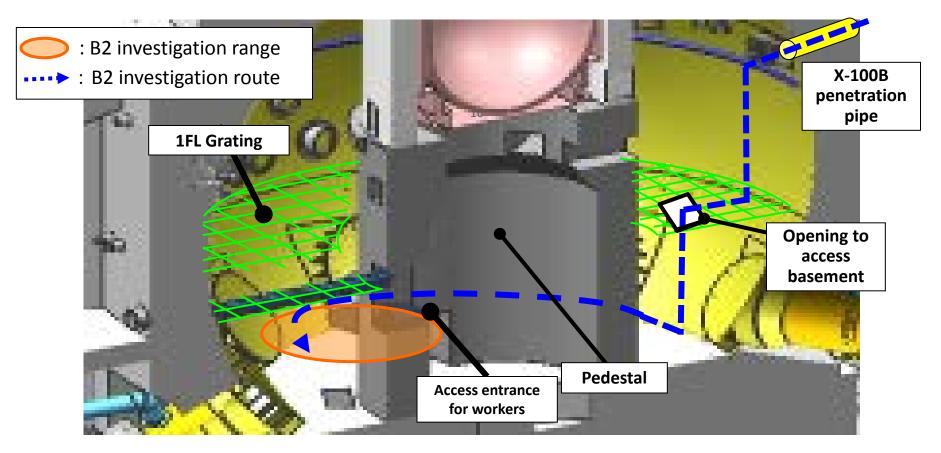
### 10. Investigation device remained

Where the device remained is as shown in the figure below.
 The investigation device remained will not interfere with B2 investigation planned to be conducted.



## 11. Summary

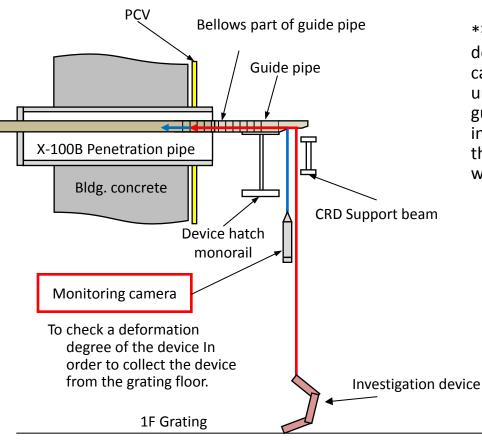
The data on the grating around the pedestal inside Unit 1 PCV was obtained.
 Results of this investigation will be reflected on the study of construction methods for B2 investigation to be conducted (pedestal at basement).





## (Reference) Second investigation device remained

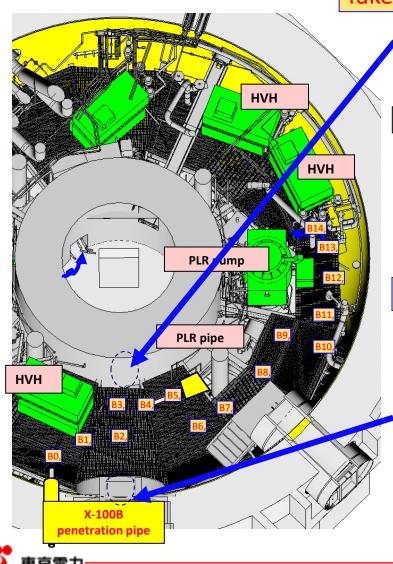
■ Due to the deterioration of the monitoring camera with radiation (assumption), the camera's visibility was extremely dropped to the point disable to perform a deformation check on the device at the time of retrieving it from the vessel. Accordingly, the collection of the device to outside the reactor primary containment vessel was judged as risky. (\*1)



\*1 Judging from the facts that the deterioration of the monitoring camera and that there was a slight unevenness at the bellow part of guide pipe for inserting the investigation device, there is a risk that the device might get caught when passing though the bellows.



### (Reference ) Image topics (Equipment hatch and wall outside the pedestal)

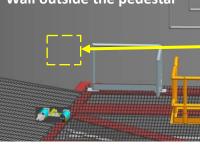


 Taken from B3
 Exterior status of the wall outside the pedestal

 No significant damages were found on the wall outside

 the pedestal .

 Wall outside the pedestal

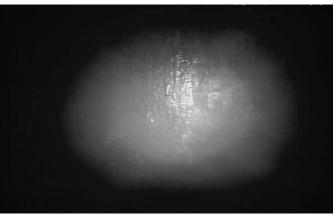




#### Taken from B2

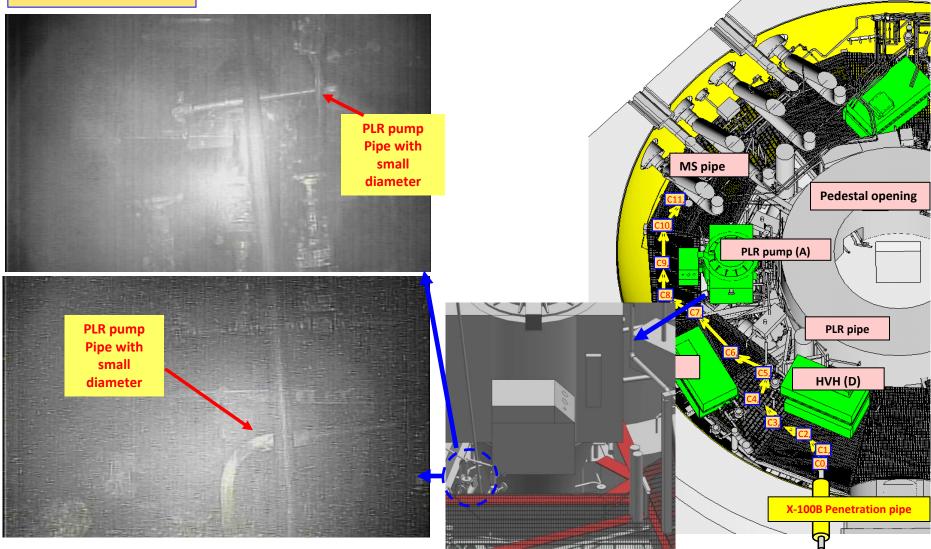
#### Exterior status of equipment hatch

No significant damages were found on equipment hatch.



## (Reference) Image topics (PLR pump (A))

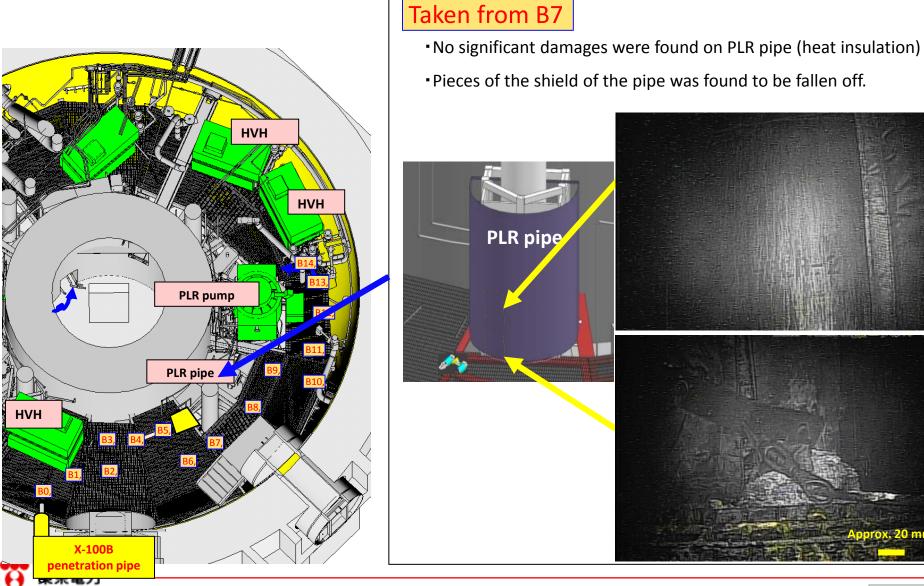






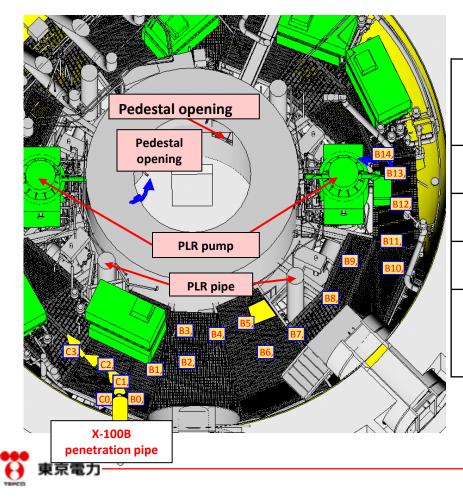
# (Reference) Image topics (PLR pipe)

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### (Reference) Measurement of temperature and radiation dose rate

Temperature and dose rate were measured at the following points after conducting a review of the investigation on counterclockwise.



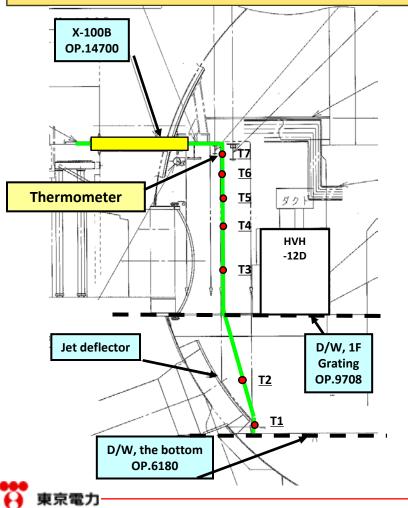
#### Measurement date: Apr. 19, 2015

	Dose rate (Sv/h)	Temperature (°⊂)
Around B14	4.4	17.9
Around B11	5.7	18.7
Around B7	5.9	19.1
End point where the device remained. (Around C3)	4.1	20.4

# (Reference) Results obtained after the re-installation of measuring instruments inside the PCV for surveillance monitoring. (1)

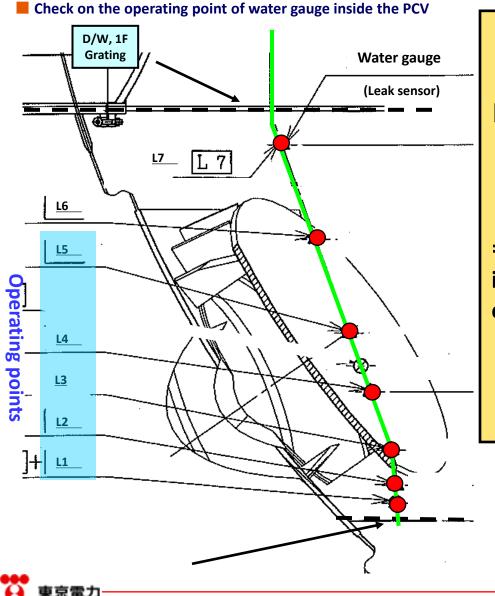
#### Overview of the re-installation of measuring instruments inside the PCV for surveillance monitoring

Measuring instruments installed inside Unit 1 PCV for surveillance monitoring were removed in order to conduct B1 investigation. Having completed the investigation, new measuring instruments equivalent to the existing ones are newly installed on the same position where the former ones were set.



Newly installed thermom			meters		[Data t	aken as of 12:00, 4/23]
No	)	Installation lev (Under evaluatio	vel	ndication value (℃)		DC resistance ( $\Omega$ ) ring value/ Design value( $\pm$ 56))
Т7	,	OP.14500		18.1		1830 / 1842
Т6		OP.14000		18.1		1845 / 1858
T5		OP.13230		18.0		1875 / 1889
Т4		OP.12500		17.8		1903 / 1917
Т3		OP.11200		17.8	1950 / 1965	
Т2		OP.7500		18.9	2091 / 2102	
T1		OP.6330		18.9	2135 / 2146	
Exist	Existing thermometers			[D	ata take	n on as of 12:00, 4/23]
	OP.14000			TE-1625J		24.9°C
	OP.11200			TE-1625D		17.4°C
【Reference】 Temperature measured at the B1 investigation (at the height of grating): Around 17 to 20 ℃						

# (Reference) Results obtained after the re-installation of measuring instruments inside the PCV for surveillance monitoring. (2)



Water gauge operating status

- In operation : L1~L5
- Non-operating : L6 $\sim$ L7

⇒ Both PCV water levels and water gauge installation levels are currently under evaluation.

### Installation results

#### (1) Temperature inside PCV

Regarding the thermocouple reinstalled inside the PCV, with the fact that both DC and insulation resistance values after inserting are found to have no problem, plus the fact that value indicated before and after the replacement shows almost no difference in figure, it was verified that the reinstallation has been made without fail.

#### (2) Water levels inside the PCV

PCV water levels and the positioning for installing water level indicators are currently under evaluation.

### Future handling of thermometers

Regarding the thermometer having installed, for the next one month or around, it will be checked whether the device is working in accordance with the status of water injection into reactor and the condition of outdoor temperature fluctuation, etc. And when the device was judged as acceptable for monitoring the cooling status, it will be selected as a surveillance thermometer for monitoring the cold shutdown condition specified at Article 18, Chapter III of the implementation plan.

