Situation of Storage and Treatment of Accumulated Water containing Highly Concentrated Radioactive Materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (496th Release)

April 5, 2021

Tokyo Electric Power Company Holdings, Inc.

1. Introduction

This document is to report the following matters in accordance with the instruction of "Installment of treatment facility and storing facility of water containing highly concentrated radioactive materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station of the Tokyo Electric Power Company (Instruction) "(NISA No. 6, June 8, 2011), dated on June 9, 2011.

<Instruction>

TEPCO should report to NISA the situation of storing and treatment of the contaminated water in the Power Station and the future forecast based upon the current situation has to be reported to NISA as soon as the treatment facility starts its operation. Also, subsequently, continued report has to be submitted to NISA once a week until the treatment of the accumulated water in the Central Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility is completed.

2. Situation of storing and treatment of accumulated water in the building (actual record)

Stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)) and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility as of April 1, 2021 are shown in the Attachment -1.

3. Forecast of storing and treatment

(1) Short term forecast

Water transfer in Unit 1 and 2 and Unit 3 and 4 is planned based on the stored amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities and the operating situation of the radioactive material treatment equipment and the subdrain catchment facility. Water is transferred to the Process Main Building and/or High Temperature Incinerator Building as Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

Treatment is implemented considering the state of storage and transfer of Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

We assume stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condenser and trench)), and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities as of April 8, 2021 are shown in Attachment -2.

(2) Middle term forecast

Regarding accumulated water in Unit 1 and 2 buildings and Unit 3 and 4 buildings, from the viewpoint of reducing the risks of discharging to the ocean and leaking into the groundwater, it is necessary to keep enough capacity for the accumulated water in the building until its level reaches TP. 2,564 and to keep the accumulated water level lower than the groundwater level.

At the same time, in order to suppress the flow of groundwater into buildings and reduce the amount of accumulated water being generated, we are planning to transfer accumulated water from the Unit 1 to 3 reactor buildings, where injected cooling water is being circulated, in accordance with the status of the treatment of accumulated water containing highly concentrated radioactive materials and the amount of water being stored in accumulated water storage facilities, while ensuring a specific difference between the levels of accumulated water in buildings and the water levels of subdrains in the vicinity. At other buildings where the lowermost floors have been exposed, we are planning to transfer accumulated water to keep these floor surfaces exposed.

As for accumulated water of the Process Main Building and the High Temperature Incinerator Building, we are planning to treat the accumulated water considering the situation of construction of middle and low level waste water tanks, the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and duration for maintenance.

We forecast storing and treatment situations in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities for the next 3 months, as shown in Attachment -3.

Stored amounts in the water storage equipment are forecasted to be unchanged in case transfer and treatment were implemented as scheduled without rain. However, it would be subject to change depending on the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and so on.

Also, the water treated at the radioactive material treatment equipment (fresh water and condensed salt water) can be stored in the middle and low level waste water tanks.

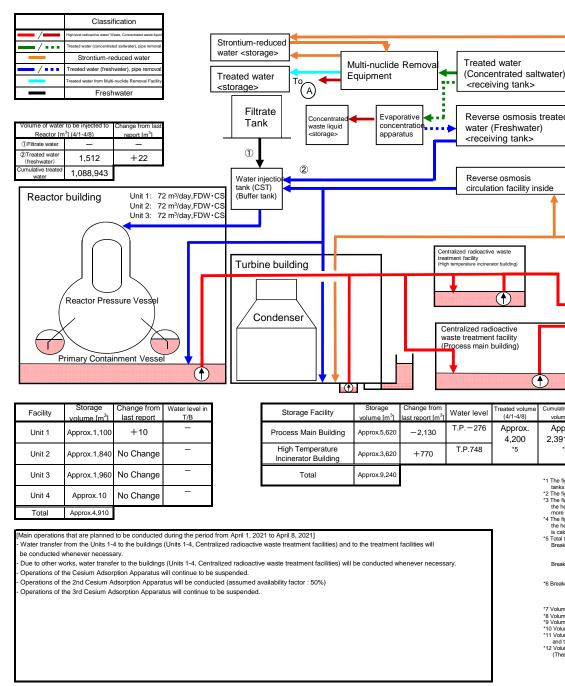
END

Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of April 1, 2021) Storage volume [m3] 1,2 Classification [m³] *3,4 _/---5,263 +10112,000 Strontium-reduced 9,245 No Change 10,300 water <storage> _/... Treated water 1.197.177 ± 1.784 1.232.000 Treated water (freshwater), pipe remo-Multi-nuclide Remova (Concentrated saltwater) 7,210 11,600 reated water from Multi-nuclide Removal Faci Treated water Equipment +1,237<receiving tank> Freshwate <storage> 26,020 No Change 94,000 (A)20,158 -1,43727,600 Filtrate Desalination plant Evaporative Reverse osmosis treated Concentra Residual water [m3] *5 Tank (Reverse osmosis) concentration Reactor [m³] (3/25-4/1) vaste liquid water (Freshwater) <storage> apparatus Approx.300 No Change Approx.2,100 (1) Filtrate water <receiving tank> saltwater tank 2)Treated water 1,490 -16No Change 1 (freshwater) 1,087,431 0 No Change 0 water tank *1 Wastewater Reverse osmosis Water injection circulation facility inside tank (CST) supply tank Storage volume [m3] hange from last report [m³] Storage volume [m³] Unit 1: 72 m3/dav.FDW · CS (Buffer tank) Reactor building 690 +1521,200 Unit 2: 69 m3/day,FDW · CS supply tank SPT(B) 628 -417 3,100 Unit 3: 70 m3/day,FDW · CS Chloride concentration SPT(B) Before/After Desalination 710ppm/<26ppm (Sampled on Feb 9, 2021 Centralized radioactive waste fore/After Reverse Osmosis Circular 480ppm/3ppm (Sampled on Feb 6, 2020) Turbine building Before/After Evaporative Concentratio Place of Sampling Radioactivity concentration" Reactor Pressure Vessè Treatment facility Process Main Building 1.8E+07 Bq/L (Sampled on Feb 2, 2021) (Cesium adsorption apparatus) (2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus 3.8E+03 Bq/L (Sampled on Mar 22, 2019) Condenser Exit of cesium adsorption apparatu (Decontamination facility) Centralized radioactive Exit of decontamination facility waste treatment facility High Temperature Incinerator Building 3.6E+07 Bq/L (Sampled on Feb 2, 2021) (Process main building) xit of second cesium adsorption apparat 1.2E+02 Bq/L (Sampled on Feb 5, 2021) Primary Containment Vessel Exit of third cesium adsorption apparatus 2.2E+02 Bg/L (Sampled on Feb 2, 2021) (Waste (**1**) (A) Change from Change from reated volume Cumulative treate Facility Waste produced Storage facility (3/25-4/1) last repor capacity T.P.467 Approx. Approx. Unit 1 Approx.1,090 No Change Process Main Building Approx.7,750 -730420 *16 No Change 700 *3 Sludge [m³] 2.386.890 3.100 T.P.111 High Temperature Unit 2 Approx.1,840 +10 Approx.2.850 +60 Used vessels 5.090 *9 +10 6.372 Incinerator Building Unit 3 Approx.1,960 No Change Total Approx.10.60 *1 The figures of the data are treated as a reference, because water levels during water transfer are not stable The figures of the storage volume do not include those of the following volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%: No Change Unit 4 Approx.10 Freshwater receiving tank (approx. 100m3), Concentrated waste liquid storage tank (approx.100m3), Treated water storage tank (approx. 2,200m3) Treated water storage tank (reuse) (approx 0m²), Strontium-reduced water storage tank (approx 00m²), Treated water storage tank (reuse) (approx 0m²), Strontium-reduced water storage tank (approx 200m²). 3 The figures of the data show the operational limits. 4 The figures of 'Storage capacity' do not include those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called 'down scale (DS), 'where water gauges show 0%. However, each tank has the capacity that accommodate more than the storage volume that accumulates up to the height of 'DS.' Total Approx.4,900 [Main operations that have been conducted during the period from March 25, 2021 to April 1, 2021] *5 The figure of "Residual water" includes the one of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%. The amount of the residual water of concentrated Water transfer from the Units 1-4 to the buildings (Units 1-4, Centralized radioactive waste treatment facilities) and to the treatment facilities was conducted whenever necessary saltwater is calculated based on that of the water treated through the ALPS and other facilities. 6 The data shown here are those of Cs-137. Due to other works, water transfer to the buildings (Units 1-4, Centralized radioactive waste treatment facilities) was conducted whenever necessary. *7 Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus and 3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus. Operations of the Cesium Adsorption Apparatus have been suspended. Breakdown of the treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (0m³) 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (3,100m³) From March 26, operations of the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus have been resumed; the availability factor is 37% (previous simulated: 35%). 3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus (0m3) Operations of the 3rd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus have been suspended Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (394,720m3) 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (1,927,530m³) 3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus (64,640 m³) *8 The data of the water levels in the Reactor Buildings are the data as of 5 a.m., April 1 *9 Breakdown of the used vessels: Cesium adsorption apparatus (779), 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (244), 3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus (7) Others: Storage container (3,745), Treated column (17), Used vessel (233), Filters and so forth (65) *10 Volume of the Strontium-reduced water stored in the welded-type tanks *11 Volume of the Strontium-reduced water remaining in the flange-type tanks *12 Volume of the treated water stored in the welded-type tanks *13 Volume of the treated water remaining in the flange-type tanks *14 Volume of the treated water stored in the ALPS sample tanks (flange-type), the additional ALPS temporary storage tanks (welded-type) and the high performance ALPS temporary storage tanks (welded-type) *15 Volume of the treated water stored in the reuse welded-type tanks which stored strontium-reduced water before

(These welded-type tanks have been reused from 2019.)

*16 Sum of sludge and supernatant water (as of 10 a.m., April 1)

Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of April 8, 2021)



Storage vol	ume [m³] *1	Change from last report [m³]	Storage capacity [m ³] ^{12,3}		
Concentrated saltwater receiving tank	0	-	-		
Freshwater receiving tank	5,241	-22	12,000 10,300		
Concentrated waste liquid storage tank	9,245	No Change			
Treated water storage tank *9	1,199,022	+1,845	1,232,000		
Sample water storage tank *11	9,511	+2,301	11,600 94,000		
Treated water storage tank (Reuse) *12	26,020	No Change			
Strontium-reduced water storage tank *7	18,919	-1,239	27,600		

Residual w	ater [m³] *4	Change from last report [m³]	Storage capacity [m³] *2,3		
Concentrated saltwater receiving tank	Approx.300 No Change App		Approx.2,100		
Treated water tank *10	0	No Change	0		
Strontium-reduced water tank *8	0	No Change	0		

Storage

700 *2

6,372

*1	The figures	of "Storage	volume"	do not includ	le those	of the	volumes	that have	accumulated	from the	bottom	of the
	tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS) " where water gauges show 0%											

420

5,099 *6

Desalination plant

(Reverse osmosis

Wastewater

supply tank

SPT(B)

(2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (Decontamination facility)

Waste

Waste produced

Sludge [m3]

Used vessels

Treatment facility (Cesium adsorption apparatus)

(A)

Cumulative treater

Approx.

2,391,090

3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus (0m³)

Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (394,720m³)
2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (1,931,730m³)

Change from

last report

No Change

3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus (64,640m³)
*6 Breakdown of the used vessels: Cesium adsorption apparatus (779)

To breakcown of the Used vessels: Cesium absorption apparatus (719)

2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (244)

3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus (24)

3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus (24)

7rd Volume of the Strontium-reduced water stored in the welded-type tanks

*8 Volume of the Strontium-reduced water remaining in the flange-type tanks

*9 Volume of the treated water stored in the welded-type tanks

*10 Volume of the treated water remaining in the flange-type tanks

*11 Volume of the treated water stored in the ALPS sample tanks (flange-type), the additional ALPS temporary storage tanks (welded-type) and the high performance ALPS temporary storage tanks (welded-type)

*12 Volume of the treated water stored in the reuse welded-type tanks which stored strontium-reduced water before

(These welded-type tanks have been reused from 2019.)

^{*2} The figures of the data show the operational limits.

² The igures of "Sorrage capacity" do not include those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%. However, each tank has the capacity that accommodates more than the storage volume that accumulates up to the height of "DS."

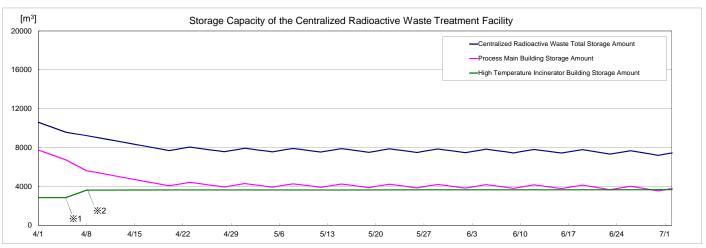
A The figure of "Residual water" includes the one of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%. The amount of the residual water of concentrated saltwater

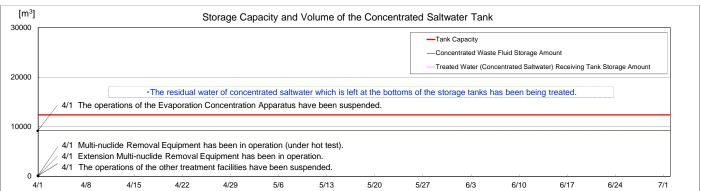
is calculated based on that of the water treated through the ALPS and other facilities.

*5 Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus and 3rd Cesium adsorption apparatus. Breakdown of the treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (0m³)

2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (4,200m³)

Simulation Results of Storing and Treatment in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities





- Note

 The amount of water treated through the treatment facilities is changed depending on the factors such as stored amount in the accumulated water storing facilities.

 1 Storage place of water transported from the Units 1-4 will be changed over from the process main building to the high temperature incinerator building.
- *2 Storage place of water transported from the Units 1-4 will be changed over from the high temperature incinerator building to the process main building